

CABINET MATERIAL.

Senator Cockrell Can Have a Place if He Desires.

COMPLICATIONS THAT WOULD RESULT IN MISSOURI POLITICS.

Many Aspirants for a Possible Vacant Seatship—Results of the Election to Washington—Both Sides to the Kansas Muddle Keeping Up the Fight—Political News.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.—Senator Cockrell it is said, does not look with favor upon the effort to place him in the place of Mr. Cleveland's cabinet. The movement has progressed so far as to give rise to the report that he has been asked to take a seat and accepted. Senators Gorman and Bruce and other Democrats in the Senate who know Senator Cockrell's intimate knowledge of the details of the government machinery, by reason of his long experience with the training of appointments bills, would very much like to see him hold the portfolio of the Secretary of the Interior. But Mr. Cockrell is about to be re-elected without opposition to another six-years' term in the Senate and will also become the Chairman of the Committee on Appropriations of the Senate. This position is rapidly more important and responsible than any cabinet office, without the worry and annoyance and without imposing the social duties of the latter place.

There can no longer be any doubt that if Senator Cockrell will say yes he can be the next Secretary of the Interior. If he refuses Missouri is not likely to hold a place in the cabinet of the next President. Mr. Cleveland has, if it is said, concluded to give the Attorney-Generalship to Georgia, or else give it to his old law partner, Mr. Bissell of Buffalo. Otherwise Col. Broadhead would have a chance to become a cabinet officer. Francis is no longer considered as a possibility by those close to Mr. Cleveland. Col. Fraher returned home fully convinced of that fact.

THE KANSAS RANGLE.

BOTH SIDES STUBBORNLY KEEPING UP THE FIGHT.

TORONTO, Kan., Jan. 13.—The formality of adjourning the legislative day of Thursday and calling the rival houses to order for the legislative day of Friday was gone through with as usual this morning. Both sides are more determined than ever to hold the fort and while there is no unusual excitement on the surface there appeared to be much in store for those who had assembled to witness the proceedings of the day.

Several of the populist members, naturally conservative and convinced that the position of the Populist is untenable, have made little attempt to break away from the more radical wing of their party and act with the Republicans. The populist members will be upon them when they are alone, but they are not yet ready to leave the hall or permit their speaker to abandon his station even if the Senate formally recognized the Populist House. They will insist upon a display of force before they will yield. Many will retire peacefully and go to their homes, but many will stay when the two houses will meet as heretofore. There was a request from the Governor that a committee of six from each House meet to discuss the matter. The House will be adjourned until the 15th inst. when the Governor will suggest a plan which will be adopted by which the dual House will be maintained.

The speaker of the House announced that it was issued by authorized persons. MCKINLEY HAS SPOKEN.

FIRST PUBLIC UTTERANCE CONCERNING THE GREAT LANDSLIDE.

COLUMBUS, O., Jan. 13.—Gov. McKinley, in an address before the Ohio Wool Growers' Association, made his first public utterance on the subject of the election and the policy of the Republican party in the future. Among other things he said: "I do not have any doubt that the wool-growers under the legislation that will come in with the new administration. I do not, however, believe in giving up the fight after one engagement and one defeat. The wool-growers have had it their own way every time since 1887 and more than once have demonstrated their power in Ohio. I do not believe in free wool. I do not believe in having commodities free at one end of the factory and tariffed at the other end. You are entitled to the highest protection and you should express that conviction in every possible way."

BUCHANAN IS STUBBORN.

TENNESSEE'S GOVERNOR HAS A GRIP ON THE OFFICE.

THE GRAND REJAL.

Already Awarded to the Anheuser-Busch Brewing Association by the Selection of Its Beer for the World's Fair—Competitors Distanced.

Honor upon honor, each time with added glory, seems to be the great fortune of the city of St. Louis. Another chapter is to be added to its glorious record for the gratifying information comes that the famous Anheuser-Busch beer will hold the post of honor at the World's Fair, it having been decreed so this week. The edict is by authority of the Fair directors, and the same has been communicated to President Adolphus Beck of the brewing association, who is the President Emeritus of the Columbian Casino Restaurant at the World's Fair grounds. Not only is this beer selected as against competition from Milwaukee, Toledo, St. Louis, New York, Chicago and elsewhere, but the endorsement of superior quality is supplemented in a very substantial way by an agreement to pay \$2 a barrel for the Anheuser-Busch beer for the next high season, which is a very high price for a brewer and the best beer; and it must further appear, by the \$2 excess price allowed, that all competitors are distanced.

ANOTHER FIRE.

Locust Street Blocked.

There was a tremendous crowd all day yesterday on Locust street. The crowd was so great it was almost impossible to pass. The cause of this immense crowd was the grand opening of the great fire insurance sale of clothing. \$400,000 worth of men's, boys' and children's clothing and other goods have been saved from the fire and the stock has been moved to the large double six-story building, 618 Locust street, between sixth and seventh streets. This immense building runs through the block and has been rented by the insurance company expressly for the purpose of this great fire sale. Everything will be sold at retail 50 per cent less than actual cost, as it is closed stock must be cleared out within five days. In order to show what tremendous bargains will be offered, a few prices will be mentioned. Out this out, save it and bring it with you to 618 Locust street, between sixth and seventh streets.

CARONDELLE NEWS.

Leo Bricker Brings Suit Against Edward Becker for \$100.

Leo Bricker, through his attorney, William McKamee, sued Edward Becker in Justice McKamee's court today for \$100, alleged to be due for board. The suit is the outcome of Becker's assaulting Bricker, or, at least, last Tuesday morning, an account of which was published in the Post-Dispatch. Becker boarded with Bricker at the latter's home, 1014 Locust street. It is alleged, when it was demanded, it is alleged, succeeded in forcing Bricker to give up his home and live with him.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch, Friday Evening, January 13, 1893.

Cold Weather Goods in the Sale To-Day.

Prices Far Below Actual Value on the Goods Offered.

100 pairs extra fine Australian All-Wool Blankets, the best \$10.50 Blanket we have sold, large size, now in this sale at \$8.50.

Raw Silk Slumber Robes, 15x2 yards, immense variety of colorings, at \$1.00 each, reduced from \$1.50.

11-4 Western Wool Gray Blankets, thoroughly scoured, at \$2.50 per pair, reduced from \$3.25.

Elegant Down Quilts, \$7.50 goods, for \$5.68. Extra large size for \$6.50.

CLOAK DEPARTMENT.

SECOND FLOOR.

The Following Reductions Have Been Made and Goods Brought Forward, and Now Offered in the Great January Sale FOR FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.

Lowest Prices for Superior and Desirable Garments in the Market.

OVER 1000 CLOTH WRAPS AND JACKETS, carried over from past season.

While majority of them are not of this season's extreme styles, 90 per cent are equally good.

You can select a CHEAP, DRE'SY GARMENT, or one of the most stylish worn.

At about ONE-FOURTH to A HALF what the goods are actually worth.

They are worthy of investigation.

500 BLACK AND COLORED CLOTH JACKETS. Prices ranged from \$5 to \$35.

Prices now reduced to \$1.95 up to \$15.00.

25 BLACK AND COLORED CLOTH DOLMANS. Prices ranged from \$5 to \$35.

Prices now made \$1.50 up to \$12.50.

35 PLUSH WRAPS. Prices ranged from \$10 to \$55.

Now made \$6.50 up to \$37.50.

20 PLUSH NEWMARKETS, prices ranged from \$38.50 to \$65, now made \$25 up to \$40.

35 CLOTH JACKETS, perfect fitting, reduced from \$3.50 to \$1.95.

50 CLOTH JACKETS, shape unsurpassed, reduced from \$6.50 to \$2.50.

75 CLOTH JACKETS, shape perfect, reduced from \$5.50 to \$3.90.

150 CLOTH JACKETS, beautiful goods, reduced from \$7.50 to \$5.75.

100 CLOTH JACKETS, best styles in the market, reduced from \$17.50 to \$12.50.

50 PLUSH WRAPS, former prices \$10 to \$75, now \$6.50 up to \$37.50.

THESE ARE THE BEST VALUES we have ever placed on our tables in WINTER WRAPS.

BROLASKI'S GRAND CLEARING SALE.

THIS WEEK'S

MEN'S FINE SHOES Reduced to Less Than Manufacturers' Cost.

COME EARLY BEFORE YOUR SIZE IS GONE.

60 pairs Calf Button, tip, all sizes, at \$2.50; reduced to \$1.50	80 pairs fine Patent Leather, full dress, square toe, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
110 pairs Dongola Congress and Lace, all sizes, at \$3.50; reduced to \$2.50	80 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
50 pairs Calf Congress, tip, square toe, at \$4.00; reduced to \$3.00	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
50 pairs Calf Congress, plain and Paris toe, at \$4.00; reduced to \$3.00	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
18 pairs Calf Congress, tip, square toe, at \$4.00; reduced to \$3.00	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
50 pairs Nettleton's Calf Button, double sole, at \$7.50; reduced to \$5.00	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
60 pairs Strong & Carroll's Calf Button, hand-sewed, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
40 pairs Strong & Carroll's Calf Congress, tip, hand-sewed, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50
14 pairs Equestrian Lace, square toe, hand-sewed, at \$7.00; reduced to \$5.00	110 pairs Kangaroo Congress, at \$5.00; reduced to \$3.50

This Sale Is Positively for Cash—No Goods Charged.

BROLASKI'S, MEN'S SHOES, 205 NORTH BROADWAY.

Say! The Sunday Post-Dispatch Accident Coupon IS CARRIED BY Over 50,000 People! DO YOU CARRY ONE?

180UGHT MY Spectacles AT ALOE'S. I Did Not Buy My Spectacles AT ALOE'S.

415 N. Broadway. 415 N. Broadway.

SOLID GOLD SPECTACLES, \$5. STEEL \$1 AND UP.

"Photographic Cameras," "Opera-Glasses," "Artists' Materials," "Drawing Ints."

PARRISH'S Slaughter Sale of Shoes!

550 Pair of Stacy, Adams & Co.'s Best Calf Waukenphast Lace and Congress, for \$3.85.

Sold all over the country for \$6. These goods are fresh and new. No old shop-keepers.

Big bargains in Ladies', Misses' and Children's Shoes, also.

C. W. PARRISH SHOE CO., 409 N. Broadway.

Sole Agents Stacy, Adams & Co.'s Celebrated Men's Fine Shoes. Open until 10:30 Saturday Nights.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

Hearing of the Wallace Habeas Corpus Proceedings—The Slattery Property.

The Wallace habeas corpus proceedings occupied the entire day of Judge Klein today. The parties were divorced in Illinois in July, 1890, and the wife, Ellen J. Wallace, claimed the custody of the two children. The husband claims that she has been conducting herself improperly and adduced evidence to prove that she had visited a questionable house for company.

Twenty-first streets. Witnesses were also put on the stand to show her conduct at the boarding-house and also in East St. Louis. A few days ago Mrs. Wallace created a sensation by marrying again. The gentleman being Louis K. Beck, who lived in the same house with her at 232 Chouteau avenue.

The taking of testimony for her side of the case began late this afternoon.

New Suits Filed.

Joseph Prevost filed a suit to-day against B. H. Alexander, Sallie A. Crum and the Crum Livery Co., to recover \$1,500 alleged to be due on two promissory notes.

Ann C. Kirkham instituted proceedings for divorce from her husband John, whom she married, she alleges, in August, 1887, and who deserted her in June, 1892. She alleges that he has been living with another woman.

The Supreme Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor, filed an application to-day against William J. H. Steger, Emma Steger, and the Steger estate, to set aside a judgment rendered in the Circuit Court of St. Louis, in favor of the Steger estate, in a suit for the partition of land.

Catharine Becker filed a suit for divorce to-day against Lawrence C. Becker, whom she married in 1887, and who, she claims, deserted her and their three children in Hannibal, Mo., in April, 1890.

The Slattery Sale.

In the suit instituted by Beriah A. Melton against F. J. Slattery and Gus V. Niemann on Wednesday in the Circuit Court, the object of the hearing was to prevent the sale of certain property alleged to belong to J. T. S. Barrett. The assertion was made that the suit was a sham and that the property was the property of the Meltons.

A number of affidavits were taken on Wednesday afternoon and this morning by the court, general manager and his assistants, to prevent the sale of the property. The court was satisfied that the suit was a sham and that the property was the property of the Meltons.

The Missouri Shirt Manufacturing Co. was incorporated to-day with a capital stock of \$7,000, one-half paid.

Nathaniel M. Drake sued Louis E. Frost to-day to recover \$17.50, alleged to be due on account.

The Henrietta Land and Investment Co. filed articles of incorporation to-day with a capital stock of \$100,000, all paid. The incorporators were W. H. Thompson, 50 shares; J. C. McKelvey, 50 shares; C. H. 400; Wm. G. Boyd, 40, and C. L. Nott, 50 shares.

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LIVE STOCK.

Union Stock Yards.

the supply since Monday morning to satisfy the demand.

On Tuesday the market was to 15c stronger on good corn common and medium

Prices opened steady to strong on all grades, and closed about steady on the market was abundant on all other qualities. Receipts were very light loads having been brought forenoon. Quotations were as follows:

Best steers,	700 to 800
Good steers,	600 to 700
Medium steers,	500 to 600
Low grade steers,	400 to 500
D; native steers,	1,100

s. from \$2.75 to \$3.00; good to choice, best cows and helpers, thin and calves, common grades, cows and calves, from \$1.00 to \$2.00; choice cows, from \$2.25 to \$3.25; choice

to \$5; good veal calves \$7; choice veal calves \$7; butcher bulls from \$1.25 to \$1.75; second quality calves from \$1.25 to \$2.25; fat bulls from \$2.25 to \$3.50; common feeders were a large demand for and these were sold in large sales were:

NATIVE CATTLE.

steers and heifers.....	1
steers and heifers.....	1.83
steers and heifers.....	7
steers and heifers.....	5
steers and heifers.....	7

ows and calves, each..	1.0
and calves, each.....	
and calves, each.....	
s and heifers.....	7
n \$2.25 to \$4.25.	

ut 8,000 head of hogs we
he week. The bulk of
and the market was ver

Tuesday of the week
icient quantity of hogs on
demand. On Wed
e more liberal and
rapidly. Thursday good
but common stuff coul
es. This morning 14 fre
to the pens and the mark
ices on Monday
strong at last

40; good to choice packing 70 to \$7.35. On Tuesday 80 cents higher on all could be had from \$7.70 to \$8.00. The 100 lb. pack was coming from \$7.15 to \$7.65. Yesterday accounted for this load of extras selected by those of Tuesday's market. The market was steady to easy at Tuesday's prices.

et was lower there and at \$7.60; choice packing n \$7.45 to \$7.75. T would have been high receipts been as liberal a Thursday, prices opened Wednesday's quotations on e close the market was could be had from \$7.8 ng the market was

er than yester
and choice selections could
0; good to choice packin
87½, which was the top p
entative sales; light to
from \$7 to \$7.40; good
5; rough and commons,

HOG SALES.

Price.	No.	Av.
\$7 80	26	243
7 45	15	200
7 70	62	255
7 70	65	187
7 75	12	100
7 75	28	148
7 26	35	174
7 87 1/2	37	194
7 75		

CONSIGNMENTS.
Rieker, Jackson, Mo., has
a large lot of sheep for sale.

Logan & Trice, Jonesboro, Mo., 2 cars cattle and hogs; C. H. Bushman, Growler, Mo., 2 cars cattle and hogs; A. Trick, Du

son, Bowling Green, Mo.;
 Humphrey, Troy, Mo., hogs;
 Pendleton, Mo., hogs;
 besides, Mo., cattle and hogs;
 sburg, Mo., hogs; J. C.
 cattle; J. K. Hall, Bra
National Stock Yards.
 native cattle market ha

s week, the best butchers being fully 15c to 25c higher a week ago. Such butchers sell at \$3.00 to \$3.50 a pound, but the higher. Good to choice are sold above \$2.50, are a week ago. Common cow as it was last Friday. changed during the week.

ing steers offered here
and sold for \$5. Other
from \$2.25 to \$4.75. Fe
sold at from \$2.50 to \$4.40
ught from \$3 to \$4.25.
from \$1.75 to \$3.50.
from \$16 to \$40.
hog market this morning
hat hogs on the early mar

Chicago Stock Yards.

YARD, Ill., Jan. 13.—
 from. Hogs—Rece
 higher; heavy, \$7.60@7.
 \$7.55@7.82½. Sheep
 6@10c higher.

Chicago Stock Yards.
 Jan. 13.—Cattle—Rece

all grades \$6.50@7.25

Jan. 13.—Hogs—1,200; of shipments, none; strong, 10c; bulk, \$7.65. Cattle—10c; shipments, 527; cows and calves, 6@10c lower.

orders, \$2.00@3.70. Hogs—
higher; heavy, \$5.75@7.85
7.55; bulk, \$7.50@7.60.
firm, \$3.50@5; lambs, \$4

Chicago Market Letter.
J. P. Grier.
13.—The wheat market

...rather one thing nor the other is all in favor of high wages in wheat we regard as a sweaver, men, and able men who have the money, information necessary to give explanations. They believe about 80c, and will stand on general principles and on one side for the

the buying one. Realize that the price of oats is declining, and on such declines the buyer must buy it. Oats we are getting at the price, but it is reached before May. He must continue to advance until
F. G. LOGAN

Woman's Weapon.
When she picked the cat

ut a pane of plate glass
ntly, and then opened
te. What fools had she
gone whatever. She
forgot to take away
Then pursuit is useless

o'clock this morning at 2
128 damage. The fire
was caused by an endeavor
er pipe by setting fire to so

SHOULD BE BOUGHT

The Lands That the Indians Offer for Sale.

NECESSITY FOR IMMEDIATE ACTION BY CONGRESS.

The History of the Lands in the Indian Territory that the Indians Have Agreed to Sell—Their Character and Extent—Settlers Waiting for the Ratification of the Agreement.

If proper pressure is brought to bear upon Congress, it is more than likely that during the present session a vast body of land in the Indian Territory can be opened for settlement. The manner in which this land came into the market is peculiar and is not generally understood. It originally was the property of the five civilized tribes who were brought to the territory from east of the Mississippi. The country given them was far larger than they could occupy. When the Government was in search of a reservation for some of the wild tribes, whom it was thought unwise to leave in their own country, it was proposed to rent a sufficient tract from the Indians of the Territory.

THE LANDS TO BE OPENED.
The proposition was readily agreed to and the lands were ceded to the Government. The proviso was, however, made that they should be used only for the residence of Indians, and that white men should be prohibited from settling on them. As time went on there were no longer any wild Indians to be placed upon them. Those who were originally given reservations died, were incorporated into the civilized tribes, or in some instances, notably in that of the Nez Percés, were returned to the country from which they came.

The Indians then undertook to lease the lands to cattlemen. This was satisfactory for some time, but dissensions arose, and finally the cattlemen were ordered out. Under the present regime the vast Cherokee Strip, over 7,000,000 acres in extent, cannot graze a cow. The Indians had no use for these lands and agreed with a commission that they could be sold at an average price of \$1.35 an acre to the Government.

CONGRESSIONAL ACTION REQUIRED.
These agreements were subject to ratification by Congress, but except in the case of the Choctaw lands this ratification has been withheld, although committees from both Houses have given favorable reports. The lands in question are the Cherokee strip, the Pawnee reservation, part of that of the Wichita and Kickapoo, and part of that of the Kiowas and Comanches. The entire acreage exceeds 10,000,000, and while the land is not as rich as that further to the East, it compares favorably with Southern Kansas.

THE GOVERNMENT WILL PROFIT.
While an appropriation was necessary to secure these lands, it will be an appropriation only in name, as the Government sells at \$2.50 an acre, and the terms of payment can be arranged so that no money need be paid until it has been collected by the Interior Department. Thus a peculiar state of affairs exists. On the one hand the Indians are anxious to sell. On the other the settlers are eager to pour in. The Government can make a handsome profit, but nothing has been done. The convention to assemble at Guthrie, O. T., on Jan. 15,

will take steps to press the matter, and secure a ratification by Congress of the agreement already made. It is a large sum of money that the Government will receive. The action is most desirable, as the would-be settlers want to have the lands opened early in the spring so that they can put in a crop. It is estimated by the Guthrie Board of Trade that during the first year after the opening the settlers will expend at least \$5,000,000 for farm stock, agricultural implements, building materials, and everything that is required in a new country. St. Louis is the national headquarters of the entire section, and with a slight extension of the railroad now in existence, can practically command the market.

REASONS FOR RATIFICATION.
John C. Obrick, in speaking of the matter, said: "I know the country in question and am sure that its opening would be of immense benefit to St. Louis. The land is good, there is plenty of water and it is capable of sustaining a dense population. The class of people who desire to make their homes there are not men of boom or land speculators, but men of substance who have the means of properly stocking and cultivating their farms. This is just the class that builds up a city by selling crops and buying goods. No one who looks at the map can doubt that this trade should be tributary to us. Lying adjacent to Missouri, the Territory belongs naturally to our commercial system. With a few trifling road extensions it can be firmly bound to us. The railroad is not inclined to move until they have some assurance that they can obtain business. This assurance will be furnished by the ratification of the agreement. Congress should do this, and do it at once."

C. Osgood, Commissioner of the Traffic Commission, said: "We have not been idle in the matter, but have looked carefully over the railroad situation, and as soon as Congress takes action will be prepared to act. The people of the Territory are most desirous of closer connection with St. Louis. Guthrie, Oklahoma city and other places have sent delegations with the citizens and the railroad authorities, and are ready to do all in their power to promote the opening of new lines. The proposed opening of the Indian lands will greatly increase the amount of traffic. The new roads that may be built profitable. Even now the freight bills paid in Oklahoma are very large. Indeed, last year, for instance, the freight handled at Kingfisher exceeded that handled at any point in Kansas. With the exception of Wichita, the proposed extension of the lands subject to re-emption cannot be of great benefit to St. Louis. "Of course, the Territory should be opened," said John B. Gambello, "and there ought to be arrangements made for the extension of several lines of railroad. We do not wish to be at the mercy of any one line. With proper connections we can control nearly all the trade."

OPENING THE STRIP.

Provisions of the Peel Bill Proposing the Sale of Cherokee Lands.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Jan. 13.—The chances for the passage of the Peel bill for the opening of the Cherokee Strip have brightened materially.

The bill as drawn provides for the payment of \$5,000,000 to the Choctaws for their lands. The bill will be changed so as to make this proposition to the Choctaws: That the Government will take the land and pay them \$200,000 in money down and reserve the \$4,800,000 balance as a debt due the Choctaws by the United States at 5 per cent interest.

The bill will fully provide for the opening of the land in the event of the Choctaws accepting the offer. If the bill passes in this modified form the first thing after it goes through the Senate and is signed by the President will be to present it to the Cherokee Council for its acceptance. If it is accepted by this body, that settles it. The Interior Department and the proper machinery will proceed to open the land, but in this connection fears are expressed by officials that the Choctaws may not accept.

Mr. Peel says of his measure: "This is the most important contract now pending before Congress. The Cherokee strip contains in round numbers 6,000,000 acres. The contract stipulates to pay \$5,000,000 for \$1.41 per acre. One important feature of the contract is that unless ratified by Congress by the 4th of March, 1893, the contract is to be void. There is no considerable opposition to the merit of the contract. The amount of money to be appropriated meets with very

considerable opposition in the House, owing to the present prospective condition of the Treasury. It is feared that a large sum would embarrass the Treasury Department. Therefore, the contract in that particular would be modified so that the Government may hold the money in the Treasury until the conditions which justify its payment. The change if made will necessarily have to be submitted to the Cherokee Nation for their approval. I now have great hope of passing the bill reported by me with this modification which I hope will be accepted by the Cherokee. The next important contract is the one with the Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches, affecting 3,500,000 acres to be opened to settlement for which the contract requires the Government to pay \$3,000,000. This contract will most certainly be deferred for some future Congress to ratify. Next in importance is that with the Wichita, containing about 600,000 acres, compensation left to Congress, and one lately concluded with Pawnee, containing about 2,000,000 acres. These two, the one with Kiowas, Comanches and Apaches, will not be ratified by this Congress."

Tex Fairbank's Clairette, the strictly pure soap, and you will never use any other.

A TALE OF HORROR.

Two Thousand Lives Lost in a Burning Temple.

SAN FRANCISCO, Jan. 13.—Advices from South China reports a terrible catastrophe in which nearly 2,000 lives were lost. A band of robbers made a raid on the village of Kaul in the Shing District. They first leveled a tribute of several thousand taels on the priests of the temple. The latter had just received large offerings from the people who were celebrating a holiday with a dramatic performance. A big shed temporarily erected in front of the temple, the angry robbers applied torch to this shed and over 1,400 men, women and children were either burned, smothered or trampled under foot. Most of the fatalities resulted from suffocation, as a strong wind drove the smoke into the temple. At the time of writing the roll of missing numbered 1,940.

"AMIEHS" "GALATZ"
are the names of the new Pullman sleepers just added to Diamond Special for Chicago via Vandalia and I. C. R. R. The interior style and decoration of these cars is something entirely new. Parties who have used them are full of their praise. 221 North Broadway and Union Depot for tickets.

Millions at Stake.

LANCASTER, Pa., Jan. 13.—Miss Ysabel Coleman, the alleged widow of George Dawson Coleman, the Lebanon iron king, who died in Paris in 1891, leaving a will making his mother, Rosalie Parent Coleman of Philadelphia, his sole heir, has filed a bill in equity here, praying that a partition be made of the real estate owned by him in this country, and that his mother be required to account for the rents and profits received since his death. The property is valuable and includes the big iron furnace in East Donegal Township known as Marietta.

The young Mrs. Coleman claims she was married to C. Dawson Coleman in Paris, while the mother denies the fact of the marriage. Similar suits have been entered in Lebanon County, the total sum at stake running into the millions.

Seventy-Five Dollars Found by Buying a piano of any grade on easy payments at Koerber's, 1108 Olive. Planes for rent.

A Toy Store Burned.

The toy and notion store of H. P. Fabricius, 705 North Fourth street, was badly gutted by fire last evening about 7 o'clock. The stock was entirely destroyed and the building, which was owned by H. Landerman, was damaged to the extent of \$10,000. Fabricius valued his stock at \$25,000. It was covered by insurance. The cause of the fire is unknown.

PEACE OVERTURES.

Tammany Anxious to Make Terms With Cleveland.

THEY FEAR THE CREATION OF A RIVAL POLITICAL MACHINE.

Neither Boss Croker nor Senator Hill Will Admit That There is a Break in Friendly Relations—Control of State Patronage Worth Fighting For—Murphy's Future Action.

NEW YORK, Jan. 13.—Just now the relations existing between Senator Hill and Richard Croker, the Tammany chief, are exciting a vast amount of gossip. Mr. Croker and Mr. Hill deny that any difference exists.

In an interview Mr. Croker is quoted as follows: "You may quote me," he exclaimed, "with much emphasis, 'as saying that I have no fight with Senator Hill.'"

The chief hesitated a moment and went on: "The relations between the senator and myself are as friendly as they ever have been. I am with the Democratic party."

"Did you say to Albany that Senator Hill should have stayed at his post in Washington?"

"I prefer not to be interviewed on that subject. But I repeat that I have no fight against the senator."

"Is it true that you assured the President-elect that Senator-elect Murphy will in no way embarrass the Cleveland Administration?"

"I must decline to discuss that matter, except to say that Mr. Murphy is a Democrat who will try to make the new Administration a successful one. Certainly he will not seek to embarrass the President."

A Washington correspondent has this from Mr. Hill: When asked about the report of a disagreement with Mr. Croker, he said: "It's only a newspaper story. I do not think it necessary to say any more."

Strangely enough, although Mr. Hill practically declares that the report is unfounded, the Tammany congressmen are unwilling to say anything about the stories of a disagreement.

Dangers of a Social Career



A graphic article telling of the demands of a social career, its dangers for a woman, and the reefs upon which domestic happiness is often wrecked in society, written by Mrs. BURTON KINGSLAND. Also an article on

A Society Girl's Crucial Test

Her attitude toward young men, by Mrs. BURTON HARRISON. Both articles in the January number of THE LADIES' HOME JOURNAL.

Ten Cents on all News-stands

Send One Dollar for One Year to The Curtis Publishing Company, Philadelphia

tion of hostility to the President-elect in which his advocacy of Mr. Murphy had placed him. If Mr. Cleveland believes this it is likely to make Tammany's peace a difficult one to negotiate.

But, on the other hand, it is not now absolutely clear that Mr. Croker voted against the Murphy resolutions at the meeting of the electors. It is known that he was opposed to the scheme and emphatically protested against the action which Hill was so anxious to be taken in order to make peace with Cleveland impossible. Yet Mr. Croker said yesterday to friends that he voted for the resolution.

The Tammany leaders at the present minute are puzzled about whether Mr. Cleveland will recognize them or whether he will take the ground that they have deliberately begun the war on him, and bend his countenance to the building up of a machine to rival that which elected Murphy.

If Mr. Cleveland feels that Tammany went too far and that he owes it to himself and to the men who have endeavored to defeat Murphy to rebuke the bosses, then there is every likelihood of war.

Mr. Croker is the one best fitted to meet Mr. Cleveland and discuss the situation and it is understood that that is what he has come to this city for. Tammany desires to be conciliatory. It will do anything for Mr. Cleveland now. But it is asserted by the Tammany leaders that even if Mr. Croker had known that the elec-

tion of Mr. Murphy meant Mr. Cleveland's undoing, and official opposition he would not have changed his attitude, even in the smallest degree.

Regarding the "unpleasantness" between Hill and Croker, it is related that the feeling has not been very cordial for a long time. They have not been kept together by the cohesive power of natural interests.

All well-posted politicians have been looking for just such a rupture for a long time. The best politicians are delighted with the turn affairs have taken. The past months have served to show that Tammany lost more than it gained by its association with Hill. They know his methods. They have been aware for some time that if Hill could gain a single advantage in his own favor by throwing Tammany overboard he would cheerfully do so. Mr. Croker knows that any opposition to Mr. Cleveland's plans coming from the New York senators will come right home to roost on the State machine and he knows that if the man for whom Tammany will be responsible in the Senate forms part of the opposition the organization will be the heaviest sufferer.

Edward Murphy, Jr., knows that without the aid of Richard Croker his senatorial candidacy would have been a certain failure; he knows that Richard Croker threw aside the chance of making a Tammany man like Bourke Cockran a United States Senator in order that Murphy's ambition might be

gratified. This is why the astute politicians are saying that Mr. Murphy will be guided in the United States Senate by such things as have been expressed by Mr. Croker in reference to upholding Mr. Cleveland's administration, rather than by the topics which Hill is likely to adopt.

IN A PULLMAN CAR
Through without change from St. Louis to the Pacific Coast via the Irg Mountain route, leaving St. Louis daily at 8:30 p. m. This is the "true Southern route" to California, and reduced tickets are on sale at all coupon stations in the United States during the winter months.

English Cotton Spinners.
LONDON, Jan. 13.—The conference between representatives of the master cotton spinners and of the operatives on strike against a 5 per cent reduction of wages, ended in a disagreement at Manchester today. Mr. Mawdsley, secretary of the Operative Spinners' association, confidently asserts that his association can maintain their present attitude until Easter. The position of the non-unionists who are out of sympathy, numbering fully twenty thousand, is, however, very bad.

WHEN WATCHES ARE GIVEN AWAY

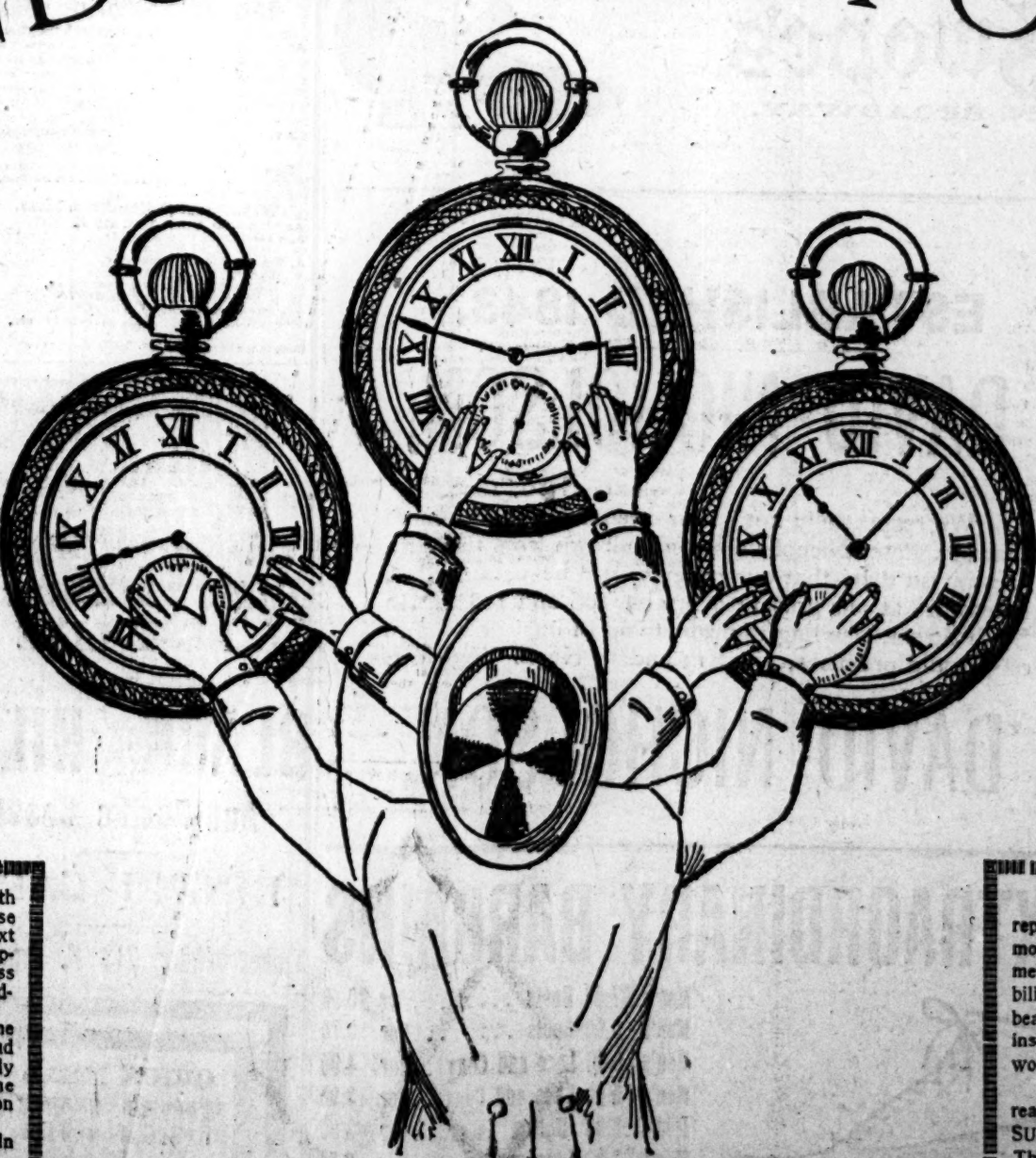
ALL HANDS REACH FOR THEM.

1 SOLID GOLD WATCH
1 FILLED CASE GOLD WATCH
1 SILVER WATCH

A TOTAL OF

Three Elegant Watches!

Offered to Subscribers of the Sunday Post-Dispatch.



3 Watches Every Sunday

To Subscribers of the Sunday Post-Dispatch until further notice.

READ THE "WANT" ADS.,

Fill Out Your Coupon and Send It In.

The POST-DISPATCH has purchased from Hess & Culbertson, 217 North Sixth street, three elegant watches, now on exhibition in that firm's window. These watches will be given to the POST-DISPATCH subscribers who guess nearest or next nearest the total number of answers received by the three most popular want ads appearing in each Sunday's issue. One full set of answers will be awarded on the nearest correct guess on each ad under classifications specified on coupon in SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH. Advertisements guessed on must be those addressed care POST-DISPATCH. Somebody is sure to get these elegant watches, as the award will be made on the nearest correct answer, if no one guesses exact. This is a test of judgment. Read the want ads carefully and select the ad which in your judgment is most likely to receive the largest number of answers. You can guess as often as you wish. The only condition is that guesses be made on official Subscribers' Want Ad Guess Coupon published in the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH every Sunday. [Guess coupons issued to want advertisers when ads are inserted not good in this contest. Want advertisers' cash prize continues as heretofore.]

The watches offered in this contest are thoroughly first-class, purchased from a reputable firm. The first-prize watch is solid gold hunting case, Elgin or Waltham movement; the second-prize watch is a filled-case gold watch, Elgin or Waltham movement, and the third-prize watch is a coin silver hunting case. Anticipating the possibility of some lady reader of the POST-DISPATCH winning one or more of these beautiful and expensive prizes, we have arranged to give a lady's watch of equal value instead of the gent's watch described above, or a ring of equal value of the prizes won. Samples of the substitutes for prizes can be seen at this office. This is the most interesting offer ever made by a newspaper. It is within the reach of everyone. Sunday, after you have read the news of the day, turn to the SUNDAY POST-DISPATCH "Want Directory," pages 17 to 24, and select the winners. They are there. All you have to do is to find them.

SUBSCRIBERS! GUESS ON THE MOST POPULAR "WANT" AD.

HUMPHREY'S, Broadway and Pine.

See the Celebrated Painting, "The Morning of the Crucifixion," on Free Exhibition now in Our Store. It's a Picture You'll Never Forget, and One That Every Intelligent Person Will Be Pleased to Look Upon. A Work of Art Once Seen Never to Be Forgotten.



The Home of the wealthy

WE Are Clothiers To the People

Of every station—the rich, the poor, the meek and lowly—all find garments in our matchless stock to please them.

OUR BOYS CLOTHING ROOM



Store Open Till 10 o'clock Every Saturday Night.



Home of the well-to-do



Home of the poor

For twenty years we have watched the interests of our patrons, and each year we have put our good goods into new homes, and now in those thousands of homes the motto that is never turned toward the wall reads:

What Is Home Without a Red Bundle from Humphrey's?

Our illustration to-day is intended to convey to the public in general the immensity of our Boys' Clothing business. Our Boys' Clothing Room is the rendezvous of clothing buyers from the homes of people of every station. We offer you to-day *Bargains in Boys' Suits and Overcoats, the like of which you may never see again:*

- Boys' Long-Pant Suits, Sizes 13 to 19 years, cut from \$20, \$18, \$15 to \$10
- Boys' Overcoats, Sizes 13 to 18 years, cut from \$22, \$20, \$18, \$15 to \$10
- Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, Sizes 5 to 15 years, cut from \$15, \$14, \$13 to \$9
- Boys' Knee-Pant Suits, Sizes 5 to 15 years, cut from \$10, \$9, \$8.50, \$7.50 to \$5

This Special Sale of Boys' Clothing is going on in our Boys' Clothing Room, while our Great Special Sale of

MEN'S \$25 and \$30 Suits, Overcoats and Ulsters for \$15.00!

Continues in our Men's Clothing Room. It'll pay you to take advantage of both these great unloading sales, and as an extra inducement for you to visit our store at this time of the year we have on free exhibition the celebrated painting by Cooper, "THE MORNING OF THE CRUCIFIXION."

IT is said THAT ALL ROADS LEAD TO ROME, and if you'll come and see the crowds in our Boys' Clothing Room you'll say ALL HOMES ARE IN TOUCH WITH IT, for we are surely the Clothiers of the Rising Generation as well as of Men that are Fat, Fair and Forty.

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO

COMMERCIAL HOTEL
and Restaurant, 415 Chestnut St.
THE DELICATESSEN CAFE
718 OLIVE STREET.
For Ladies and Gentlemen.
STRICTLY FIRST-CLASS.

Mekeel's Printing
Is the best, and the best is always the cheapest in printer's ink. Catalogues, Price-lists, Circulars, Office Stationery, Blankets and in fact anything in the line of printing. Telephone 1001. Solicitor will call.
C. H. Mekeel & Publishing Co.,
1007-1011 LOCUST STREET.

CITY NEWS.
PRIVATE matters skillfully treated and delicately furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 314 Pine St.
Dr. W. R. Shelp.
Teeth without plates. 612 Olive street.

The Barracks and Quarantine Road.
The Board of Health met yesterday afternoon and discussed the question of the closing of the two roads leading from Jefferson Barracks to Quarantine. The officers at the Barracks threaten to have this done while the Board questions their power of authority so to do.
A resolution was passed to call the attention of Mayor Noonan to the subject and have him communicate with the Washington authorities. The Board also commented on the action of the Sanitary Committee of the House, who have pigeon-holed the bill for the appointment of a City Chemist and thus delayed the closing of surface wells which may breed cholera this summer.

Hornford's Acid Phosphates
Believes Indigestion, Dyspepsia, Etc.
Cass Avenue Power-House.
The Cass Avenue & Fair Grounds Railway Co. has taken out a permit for a \$15,000 power-house, 100x150 feet, on the east side of Fair's avenue, at North Market and Lincoln streets; E. W. Morrison, contractor.

WANT MORE PAY.
Chicago Policemen to Strike if an Advance Is Not Given.
CHICAGO, Jan. 13.—Chicago policemen, not desiring to be behind the times, have formed a "protective organization," a sort of a wheel within a wheel. They propose to protect the citizens, but they will also protect themselves, that is if they can; if not they will strike. It will be just like the ordinary labor strike, viz: For more pay. They have imbibed the spirit that pervades the trade unions of the country and have come to the conclusion that the World's Fair year is a good season to ask for an increase of wages. Petitions embodying this conclusion, to be presented next Monday to the "honorable gentlemen composing the City Council," are being circulated and signed in the five police divisions. Every club-wielder approached on the subject seems determined and thoroughly earnest on the subject, and it is not at all unlikely if the demand is not acceded to by the Council that the 2,100 policemen will throw down their stars, belts and clubs and walk out on a strike.

The subject of an increase in salary is said to have been under discussion for some time among the patrolmen. New York City, where officers in the ranks are paid \$1.30 a year, is pointed out as evidence that Chicago policemen are underpaid. The uniformed officers of this city are regarded as efficient as those of Gotham. Moreover, it is claimed many arduous duties will be heaped upon the already heavily burdened shoulders of the police during this year, owing to the presence of the crowds attending the Exposition. The movement was given a tangible start last Sunday at the annual meeting of the Policemen's Benevolent Association. It was not debated publicly or pushed, as it was feared that a premature announcement would result in a riot. A recent conference was held among the leaders and the petitions now being circulated are the result. One officer, who did not wish to have his name mentioned in connection with the matter, said: "The petition was for an increase for every member of the force, from inspectors down. The petition is being universally signed."
In connection with the crusade for better pay comes a rumor that a bill will shortly be introduced in the Legislature for Springfield providing for the desired increase in every branch of the service, it being understood that legislative action will be necessary to legally provide for the additional expense involved.
The great benefit to lady's hands from using Clarette soap insures its popularity.
BARN BURNER SALE will occur this evening, Jan. 13, at Chateaufort Hall, corner Seventeenth and Olive streets, under the auspices of the St. Louis single & League; subject: "The Single Tax and Socialism."

CREDIT
Koehler's Installment House,
622 Olive St.,
Up-Stairs.
MEN'S and BOYS' CLOTHING ON CREDIT
(Ready-Made and to Order),
LADIES' JACKETS AND DRESSES TO ORDER.
Watches and Jewelry,
ON INSTALLMENTS
At Cash Prices Without Secrecy.
Terms: One-third of the amount purchased must be paid down; the balance in small weekly or monthly payments. Business transacted strictly confidential. Open daily from 8 a. m. till 9 p. m. Saturdays until 11 p. m.

Cracked the Streets.
Reports from the West End this morning were to the effect that the cold weather had "played hob" with the wood pavement in that section. Jack Frost was said to have gotten "a bulge" on them, and long and gaping fissures, with something of an upheaval, was the result. Street Commissioner Murphy was asked this forenoon concerning the occurrence. He said that he rode over the pavement in question this morning, in his carriage, and could say that the story as to the condition of the pavement was greatly exaggerated. The condition was confined to the cedar pavement, and there was no trace of it on any other wood pavement—everything else was all right. For some reason he could not fully explain, the cedar blocks seemed to contract greatly in very cold weather; they simply shrank, but they kept on their base and there was no upheaval, and the result was long lines of cracks an inch or two in width and zigzagging in every direction. This, however, always happens in such weather as we are now having. When the weather got warm the cracks would fill up and the pavement would be in its normal condition once more.

GLOBE SHOVEL-EM-OUT CLEARING SALE TO-DAY and TO-MORROW.

Finest of Suits and Overcoats, Shoes, Hats and Furnishing Goods Included in this Great Sale
Come and See How We Knock Out Our Competitors.

Space allows us to enumerate only a few of the many bargains. Men's Baltimore Merchant Tailor-made Suits and Overcoats, \$30 and \$25 garments, down to \$12.75. Splendid Business Suits and Overcoats to \$3.65. Boys' \$18 and \$20 Suits and Overcoats, \$12.75; some pretty good Suits and Overcoats at \$2.45. Children's Suits and Overcoats as low as 49c. Regular \$8 and \$10 garments, \$4.95. Men's Pants as low as 89c; finer in proportion. Boys' Pants from 10c up. \$2.50 Hats, \$1.30. Ladies' \$4 Naylor's hand-turned Shoes, \$2.75. Men's fine Calf Shoes, \$2.50. Cluett, Coon & Co.'s 25c Collars, 5c. Gold-headed Umbrellas, 50c. Re-enforced Linen-bosom Shirts, 33 1/2c. \$1.00 Underwear, 55c. Shirts, Underwear, Gloves, Caps—everything proportionately low.

GLOBE Entire Half Block, 701, 703, 705, 707, 709, 711 and 713 FRANKLIN AVENUE.
Send for Illustrated Catalogue. Open Evenings until 9, Saturdays until 11 p. m. Telephone 2840.

SAID SHE WAS DEAD.
The Police at Work on a Case With Mysterious Features.
For some days past the police have been working on a case which presents many curious features. About a week ago a colored boy called at Dr. J. S. Ryan's residence, 1948 Chouteau avenue, and tried to secure a certificate of death for his stepmother, a Mrs. Marie Stewart, who, he said, had died that day. He did not know what had caused her death, but stated that she had been sick for a long time, and had not received medical attention since Dr. Ryan had prescribed for her about four months before. He was anxious to get the certificate at once, as with it he proposed to beg the money to bury his relative. This request was of course refused, but the doctor told the boy to remain in his office while he transacted a little business, when he promised to go with him and see what could be done. On his return the boy had disappeared.
Thinking that probably he had been misunderstood, Dr. Ryan called at the address given by the boy, at Fifteenth street and

Lucas place, but failed to locate any one named Stewart, either living or dead. His suspicions were aroused and he reported the case to the authorities, who have been investigating.
A reporter this morning, after a long search, located the supposedly dead woman at 115 South Fourteenth street, where she claims to have been living for some weeks past. She admitted having been attended by Dr. Ryan, but denied having sent any one to tell him of her death. The boy, who she claims is her brother-in-law, also denied having called on the doctor. Her life was insured, she said, in either the Prudential or Prudential Insurance Co., she could not remember which, neither could she recall the amount of the policy she held. Two officers have been detailed to investigate.
CONSTANT USE of Clarette Soap for washing purposes benefits and softens the skin.
Trouble at a Ball.
Policemen brought Julia Norton to the Dispensary this morning and Dr. Jordan set her broken arm. She lives at 104 North Eighth street, and the officers said they were having a party three last night and during the festivities the woman's arm was broken. Julia

TRY A MERCANTILE
THE MERCANTILE CIGAR, BETTER THAN EVER!
Made of the finest quality of Havana Tobacco that can be bought. Equal in every respect to the best imported cigars. Manufactured by the MERCANTILE CIGAR FACTORY, ST. LOUIS.
An American Nobleman.
CLEVELAND, O., Jan. 13.—Baron Von Jackson, a Mason Jackson as he was named at his birth in Ohio, is a rare American in that he is a foreign nobleman. When quite young he went to England, in Warrington. Twelve years ago he was made count, made to King Charles and shortly thereafter was promoted to be Prince Consort, which carries with it the order of nobility. He is now visiting on his estate, in this city, but will return to Warrington in March.
CLARETTE SOAP shows the work of progress. It is an improvement over old soap.